

Monday, May 11, 2009

12:00 noon

Blue Bird Auditorium, NB-137, Neurosensory Center

## Neurocysticercosis and Refractory Epilepsy

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### Objectives:

At the end of this presentation, participants should be able to:

- identify diagnostic criteria for NCC,
- know treatment options for neurocysticercosis,
- identify risks factors for seizures in neurocysticercosis

### References:

- Del Brutto, et al. Proposed diagnostic criteria for Neurocysticercosis. *Neurology* 2001; 57:177-183.
- A Carpio and A Hauser. Prognosis for seizure recurrence in patient with newly diagnosed neurocysticercosis. *Neurology* 2002; 59:1730-34.
- T Nash, et al. Perlesional brain edema and seizure activity in patients with calcified neurocysticercosis: a prospective cohort and nested case-control study. *Lancet Neurol* 2008; 7:1099-105.
- T Nash, et al. Treatment of Neurocysticercosis Current status and future research needs. *Neurology* 2006; 67:1120-27.

### Target Audience, Needs, Educational Methods, Activity Evaluation:

Physicians, residents, fellows, and other healthcare professionals need to be updated about new advances in the clinical and research areas for the diagnosis, treatment, and management of patients with neurological disorders. Educational methods will include lectures, case presentations, audio/video presentations, and questions & answer sessions. Participants will be asked to complete an activity evaluation.

### Accreditation/Credit Designation

Baylor College of Medicine is accredited by the Accreditation Council for Continuing Medical Education to provide continuing medical education for physicians. Physicians should only claim credit commensurate with the extent of their participation in the activity.